# **Dalhousie University Neurosurgery Resident Rotation Objectives: <u>ICU</u>**

## **Medical Expert**

#### KNOWLEDGE

As a basis for clinical competence the neurosurgical resident must be familiar with and able to describe and discuss:

- The critical care management issues common to neurosurgical specific patient populations including: Multitrauma, Traumatic Brain Injury, Brain Tumor, Post Craniotomy, Cerebrovascular Disorders including SAH, AVM, ICH, Complex Spinal Disorders.
- 2. The basic respiratory pathophysiology in critical ill patients including principles of mechanical ventilation
- 3. The basic cardiovascular pathophysiology in critically ill patients including arrhythmia management and ionotropic support.
- 4. Common gastrointestinal disorders in critically ill patients.
- 5. Common hematologic disorders in critically ill patients including the principles of blood product transfusions.
- 6. Common metabolic disorders in critically ill patients
- 7. Common Renal disorders in critically ill patients.
- 8. The principles of long term sedation, analgesia and neuromuscular blockade.
- 9. Understanding of end of life and withdrawal of care principles.
- 10. Diagnosis and management of potential organ donors

#### CLINICAL SKILLS

- 1. The practiced discipline of obtaining a detailed history and physical exam from a critically ill patient and his / her family and other health care providers.
- 2. The demonstration of skills in ordering and interpreting appropriate general diagnostic tests for the satisfactory management of the critically ill patient.
- 3. The provision of ongoing assessment and care throughout a patients stay in the ICU.

#### TECHNICAL SKILLS

At the completion of the rotation the trainee must have demonstrated a thorough understanding of the appropriate anatomy and the technical ability to satisfactorily and safely perform the following procedures:

- 1. Peripheral venous access
- 2. Central venous access

- 3. Arterial line placement
- 4. Airway intubation
- 5. Nasogastric and oralgastric tube placement
- 6. Intracranial pressure monitor placement
- 7. Spinal immobilization

# **Communicator**

- 1. Establish therapeutic relationships with patients and their families.
- 2. Document appropriate histories, physical examinations and progress notes.
- 3. Provide appropriate information to patients and provide information to family members that will support their involvement in decision making.
- 4. Prepare written documentation for referring physicians in a timely concise and collegial manner.

### **Collaborator**

- Consult effectively with other physicians as well as other health care professionals including nursing, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, dieticians, social workers, and spiritualcare.
- 2. Contribute to interdisciplinary activities as needed.

#### Leader

- 1. The trainee must learn to manage their time effectively in order to prioritize clinical activities, learning needs, administrative responsibilities and research endeavours.
- 2. The trainee should be prepared to provide advice on the efficient use of health resources.

### **Health Advocate**

1. The trainee should be able to use the available resources to assist with patients educational, socioeconomic and psychological requirements.

#### **Scholar**

- 1. Participation in ICU rounds is expected.
- 2. Demonstrate self directed learning with critical appraisal of relevant literature.
- 3. Facilitate the learning of patients and their families, colleagues and other health care professionals.

# **Professional**

- 1. Demonstrate the characteristics of integrity, honesty, compassion, and ethical conduct.
- 2. Be able to meet deadlines, is punctual, monitors patients according to the needs of their condition and provides appropriate timely follow up.
- 3. Understands any limitations of knowledge or skill, accepts constructive feedback and corrects deficiencies appropriately.